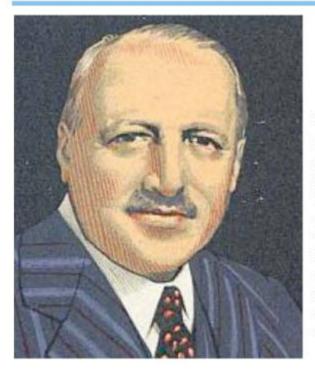
UNDER THE AUSPICES OF THE U.S. SECRETARY OF HEALTH, AND THE HELLENIC NATIONAL COMMISSION FOR UNESCO

THE EMBASSY OF GREECE

IN COLLABORATION WITH THE **HELLENIC FOUNDATION FOR CULTURE**, WITHIN THE SERIES: "**HEALTH, NUTRITION AND FITNESS**", PRESENTS THE EXHIBITION:

GEORGE PAPANICOLAOU: A PIONEER IN MEDICAL RESEARCH



Exhibition Opening on November 14th at 7:00 p.m. – 8:30 p.m.

Celebrating G. Papanicolaou's achievements for humanity

This year UNESCO is celebrating the 50th anniversary of the death of the eminent scientist George N. Papanicolaou and It groundbreaking work as a pioneer in cytology and ear cancer detection. On this occasion the Embassy of Greece at the Hellenic Foundation for Culture are organizing a series commemorating events. The exhibit features a largehotographic timeline of Papanicolaou's life and his work cytopathology. There will be lectures and video screening during the exhibit as well, with dates to come. Papanicolaou'rented the famous "Pap-test," which detects the early stage of uterine cancer in women, saving the lives of millious worldwide.

Embassy of Greece 2217 Massachusetts Ave. NW Washington, DC 20008

To RSVP for the Opening
Presentation, please email
rsvpculture@greekembassy.com

Exhibition open Mondays to Fridays from November 9th through January 25th at 11 am - 3 pm weekly Until February 2013

George Papanicolaou

Papanicolaou was born on the island of Kymi, Greece in 1883. He studied at the University of Athens and graduated with his medical degree in 1904. He received his Ph.D. from the University of Munich, Germany in 1910 and left for Monaco, where he worked for the Oceanographic Institute of Monaco for three years. He emigrated to the U.S in 1913 to work in the Department of Pathology of New York Hospital and the Department of Anatomy at the Weill Medical College of Cornell University. He first reported that uterine cancer could be diagnosed in 1928 and published his work in 1943. He moved to Miami in 1961 to start the Papanicolaou Cancer Research Institute, but passed away before its opening.